

Calculating sales price, cost of sales, mark-up and profit

Make use of the formulas below to do the calculations that follow.

Profit = sales – cost of sales

Sales = cost of sales + profit

Cost of sales = $\frac{100}{\text{sales} \times \text{Mark-up percentage} + 100}$

a) Barry buys a car at R15 000 and sells it to Tom for R22 500. How much profit did he make? $R22500 - R15000 = R7500$

[2 marks] ✓

b) What percentage profit did Barry make in the transaction in a) above?

[2 marks] ✓

c) Precious has a 30% mark-up on her vegetables. She buys oranges for R10 a pocket at the Johannesburg Fresh Produce Market. For how much does she sell it?

[2 marks] ✓

d) The hardware store sells their paint at a mark-up of 60%. What do they buy it for if they charge R500 for a 25-litre drum?

[2 marks]

c)
$$\begin{aligned} \text{SP} &= \text{CP} + (\text{mu of CP}) \\ &= 10 + 3 = R13,00 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{SP} = 160\%$$

d)
$$\begin{aligned} \text{SP} &= \text{CP} + (\text{mu of CP}) \\ 500 &= 160\% \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{sales} &= \frac{100}{160} \\ 500 &\times \frac{100}{160} = \frac{50000}{160} = R312,50 \end{aligned}$$

Grade 9 EMS Worksheet

Suggested Solutions

Question number	Possible marks	Solution
1	8	a) Profit = sales – cost of sales = R22 500 – R15 000 = R7 500 [2 marks] b) Percentage profit = $\frac{R7\,500}{R15\,000} \times \frac{100}{1}$ = 50% [2 marks] c) Sales = cost of sales + markup = R10 + (R10 x 30%) = R10 + R3 = R13 [2 marks] d) Cost of sales = sales x $\frac{100}{\text{Mark-up percentage plus } 100}$ = R500 x $\frac{100}{160}$ = R312.50 [2 marks]